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**Training Date:** 

**Training Location:** 

Your Trainer(s):

Trainer Number(s):

ASIST 11.1 Participant Workbook 1B11.1EN2501

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#### Welcome

Before we can get started, you need to complete:

Background	Questionnaire	poster	(fill in	when	the	line-up	is sho	ort)

☐ Attitudes Survey (top half of page 3)

☐ **Personal Background Information** (tear out bottom of page 3 and give to a trainer)

☐ **Helper Role Survey** (top half of page 4)

### When you have a moment

This is your workbook. Please put your name on it. You will need it for almost everything we will do in the workshop. Sometimes we will be working directly from it. At other times, it will provide a good place to take notes. Do not lose it. You need it for both days. Leave it with your trainer at the end of Day 1 if you are not certain you will remember to bring it back for Day 2.

The workbook is only for your use. It is copyrighted. Do not photocopy it. Access to other materials will be provided at the end of the workshop.

**IMPORTANT:** Keep a record of your trainer's number and the date of the workshop. There is a place to record these on the cover. You will need this number and the date to access exciting, no-cost learning opportunities that will be available soon at www.livingworks.net.

**Note:** In this workshop you will have an opportunity to explore your experiences with and your attitudes about suicide. You will also have an opportunity to better understand the needs of a person at risk of suicide and learn how to use suicide first aid to meet those needs. If these activities concern you, please talk to one of your trainers.

**Do you:** Want to know more about any of the facts you saw in the slideshow at the beginning of the workshop?

Want to share an ASIST story or send feedback about your workshop experience?

Want to find out about other programs that help create suicide-safer communities?

Visit www.livingworks.net

## Workshop schedule

DAY 1	
	Preparing for the workshop (whole group)*
	Connecting with your attitudes about suicide (workgroup)*
	(My workgroup meets in)
	LUNCH BREAK
	Understanding the needs of a person at risk (workgroup)**
	END OF DAY 1

DAY 2	
	Assisting practice (whole group and then workgroup)**
	LUNCH BREAK
	Assisting practice (more in workgroup)**
	Working Together with other caregivers (whole group)
	END OF THE WORKSHOP

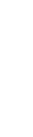


## My Attitudes

# (Mark on the line where you are)

Thoughts I had while doing

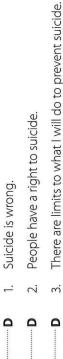
this survey



DISAGREE

AGREE





10. I will be ashamed if someone I am close to suicides.

Whole Group Morning of Day 1

# Personal Background Information

www.livingworks.net

(Choose as many as are true for you)

# Have you had thoughts of suicide?

	ifa
. Never in my life	Some time in my life

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Within the last year

# Have you had prior suicide behavior?

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Yes, but no wish to die	Yes, though uncertain about dying
Yes	Yes

Yes, with a clear wish to suicide

Please tear out, fold and hand in to a trainer now



## My Role as a Helper

In general, I hope to be able to help a person at risk of suicide by:

- connecting them with someone who can help them.
- helping them keep safe-for-now, then letting others take over.
- helping with safety now and then offering to support the main caregiver.
- helping with safety now and continuing to help as the main caregiver.

My role might change depending on the needs of the person at risk and my own needs.

not sure no yes I know my role might change if the person at risk is someone I know personally.

not sure

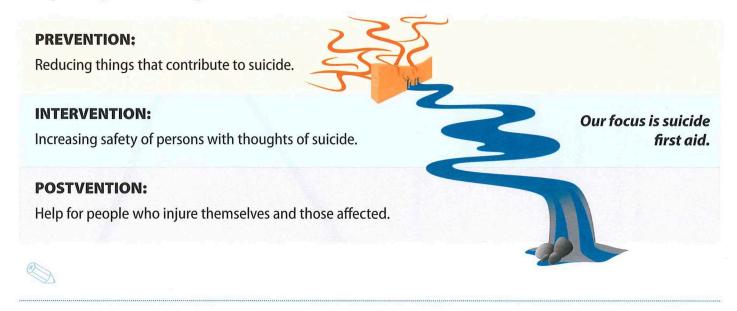
You will have opportunities to think about your attitudes and your role throughout the workshop, and beyond.

# Thoughts I had while doing this

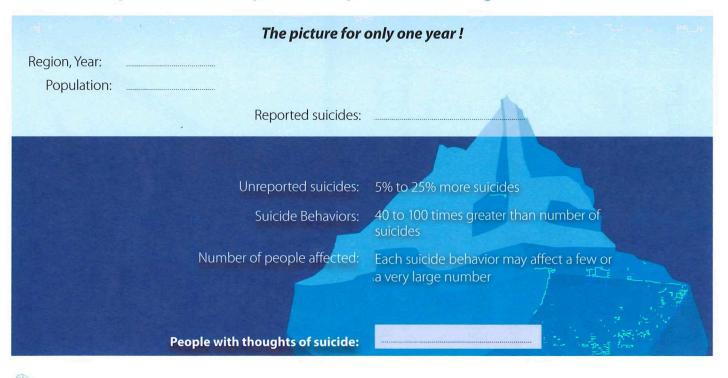
survey



### Ways of preventing suicide



### The whole picture—not just the tip of the iceberg



# Meeting the needs of persons at risk

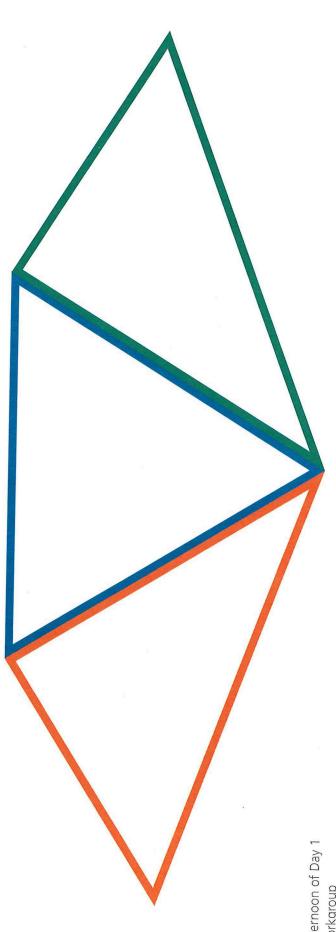
The Pathway for Assisting Life (PAL) has three **phases**. The names of the phases are capitalized:

The Pathway for Assisting Life (PAL) has six caregiver tasks that each meet one of six person at risk needs. Two of these pairs go in each phase:

support develop	ask	hear	explore
CONNECTING with SUICIDE	UNDERSTANDING CHOICES		ASSISTING LIFE

invitations safe plan turning actions suicide story confirm

Over the afternoon, put the words in the correct triangles and try to match the needs with the tasks. Don't worry about where they go inside each triangle today. Just get them in the correct triangle.



## **Explore Invitations**

### **ACTIONS**

- Giving away possessions
- Withdrawal (family, friends, school, work)
- Loss of interest in sports and leisure
- Misuse of alcohol, drugs
- Impulsive/reckless behavior
- Self-mutilation
- Extreme behavior changes

### WORDS

HELP

- "All of my problems will end soon."
- "No one can do anything to help me now."
- "Now I know what they were going through."
- "I just can't take it any more."
- "I am a burden to everyone."
- "I can't do anything right."
- "I just can't think straight anymore."

### PHYSICAL

- Lack of interest in appearance
- Change/loss in sex interest
- Disturbed sleep
- Change/loss of appetite, weight
- Physical health complaints

### **FEELINGS**

HELP

- Desperate
- Angry
- Guilty
- Worthless
- Lonely
- Sad

HELP

- Hopeless
- Helpless



HELP

With FEELINGS OF LOSS



HELP

## **Explore invitations**

- Invitations are signs of distress that invite help.
- Anything the person at risk says, does or makes you feel might be an invitation.
- Accept invitations: follow your intuition; explore the meaning of things you see and hear.





## Reasons to ask directly about suicide

- · You want to know the answer.
- · Says you don't think badly of the person.
- · Clearly says that suicide needs to be addressed.
- If the person is not thinking about suicide, shows you care.



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## To let someone know that you hear their story, you might say...

"You feel you just can't live with this pain."

"From all you can see, you are no good for anyone."

"There is no way you feel you can face this situation." Suicide seems like the only solution."

"You just want to get this turmoil over. Nothing else matters right now."

"It feels like hope is a thing of the past."

"You are thinking, 'Let fate decide if I live or die from these pills.'"

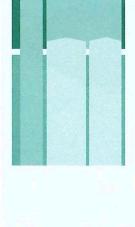




## Turning points and ways to support them

Turning point	now now	Support
"What was I thinking; I don't want to kill myself."	REJECTS SUICIDE	"So, we had better start working on a plan to keep you safe then (?)"
"If I can only find a way to talk to my father."	HOPES for SOMETHING	"So, we need to start working on a plan that will include finding a way (?)"
"I don't know; it is all so confusing."	UNCERTAIN about CHOICES	"If you are not certain, we need to make a plan to keep you safe for now (?)"
"I might as well find out what would be involved."	at least, WILLING to TRY	"You are willing to look at what keeping safe might involve (?)"





## When Happening...

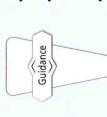
If harm to self and/or others is occurring or about to occur, activate emergency response.

If the person is unable to participate in the intervention,

Act...

activate 24-hour monitoring.

## Safety First Hints:



- be familiar with Helpers in Your Community
- tell the person why you believe there is a need for an emergency or monitoring response
- involve them in seeking help if possible
- use the least forceful action that is consistent with
- talk to the person while waiting for help to arriv
- confirm that emergency or monitoring respons did occur

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## Safety Guards

## When Present...

If there is a suicide plan,

If there are alcohol, drug and/or medication concerns,

If there was prior suicide behavior,

If there are mental health concerns,

# Ask the Person at Risk...

"How can it be disabled safely?"

"What is needed for safe/no use?"

"What have you learned that might help you keep safe-for-now?" "What have you learned that might help you keep safe-for-now?"

# Alcohol, Drug or Medication Concerns

consult Helpers in Your Community

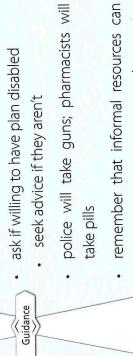
ask about how planned, how prepared,

how soon

Disabling Suicide Plan

Safety Guard Hints:

remember that informal supports can help; explain the situation to them



- remember that informal resources can take pills
- help; explain the situation to them

## Safety Guard Hints:

## Prior Suicide Behavior

- make appointment with doctor sooner, if possible
- perhaps reconnect with safety supports
- build on anything positive for safety but be realistic

## Mental Health Concern

- make appointment with doctor sooner, if possible
- perhaps reconnect with mental health worker
- build on anything positive for safety but be realistic



## Safety Aids

## When Possible...

If there is a need for important situational changes,

If there are strengths available,

If supports are needed,

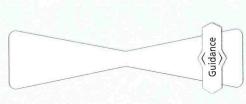
# Decide with the Person at Risk...

"What is doable now?"

"Which can you use now?"

"Who is able, available and acceptable?"

## Safety Aids Hints:



## Situations

- change should be important to their sense of safety
- should be relatively easy to do
- needs to be doable now or soon
- if not, suggest that the change can be made in the future

## Strengths

- consider strengths that are useful for safety
- look for strengths that the person believes are available and relevant
- reinforce anything that might realistically support safety

## Supports

- ALWAYS agree on an emergency contact
- ALWAYS encourage appointment with a medical doctor, now or later
- inform about supports but accept what the person regards as able, available and acceptable
- make greater use of informal supports when formal supports are not able, available and acceptable



## **Helpers in Your Community**

#### Is the helper able, available and acceptable?

CRISIS (DISTRESS) CENTER	PRIVATE PRACTITIONERS
SUICIDE PREVENTION CENTER	MEDICAL CLINIC / GENERAL PRACTITIONER
TEEN LINE	STD INFORMATION AND TESTING SITES
RAPE/SEXUAL ASSAULT CENTER	CHILDREN'S SERVICES OFFICES
DOMESTIC VIOLENCE HOTLINE	STUDENT SERVICES
SEXUAL ABUSE HOTLINE	CHILD CARE REFERRALS
CHILD ABUSE HOTLINE	PARENT TRAINING
POLICE	FAMILY SUPPORT SERVICES
PARAMEDIC EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES UNIT	SELF HELP GROUPS
MENTAL HEALTH CRISIS / RESPONSE	SUBSTANCE ABUSE COUNSELING
HOSPITAL EMERGENCY SERVICES	ALCOHOLICS ANONYMOUS
EMERGENCY SHELTERS	MENTAL HEALTH SERVICES
YOUTH SHELTER	RELIGIOUS/SPIRITUAL SUPPORT
MENTAL HEALTH OUTREACH CLINIC	LEGAL ASSISTANCE/VICTIM-WITNESS ASSISTANCE
CHILDREN/YOUTH PSYCHIATRIC CLINIC	COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS OFFICERS

# Life Protectors and Promoters

## Thoughts

That help me to remember... That make me feel better... To encourage myself... I need to forget...

## Behaviors

want to do more often.. That remind me that... need to change... To ask for help...

## Beliefs

That get me through the day... That renew my faith... That bring me hope... live by...

## Decisions

know would be good for me... don't or shouldn't make now... need to think about... need to make...

## Things

need to remember every day... That give me pleasure... want to let go of... treasure...

## Times

When I know I need a break... When I need to avoid... When I need to rest... When I need help...

## People

Whose life I want to follow... Who I need to avoid... Who need me... Who I admire...







Workgroup

Afternoon of Day 1

# Safety Framework

# Right now, what will keep you safe?

/ Develop SafePlan	ePlan	Confirm Actions
Safety First, when happening	Act	
☐ harm to self and/or others is occurring or about to occur	about to occur	activate emergency response
$\Box$ the person is <i>unable</i> to participate in the intervention	intervention	activate 24-hour monitoring
Safety Guards, when present	Ask the person at risk	what and who when and how
□ suicide planned	how can it be disabled safely?	
□ alcohol, drug, medication concerns	what is needed for safe/no use?	
□ prior suicide behaviour	what have you learned that might help you keep safe-for-now?	
□ mental health concerns	what have you learned that might help you keep safe-for-now?	
Safety Aids, when possible	Decide with the person at risk	
☐ important <i>situational</i> changes	what is doable now?	
□ strengths available	which can you use now?	
□ supports needed	who is able, available and acceptable?	medical doctor safety contact

develop: what and who

confirm: when and how

disable

safe/no use

what have you learned

what have you learned

## Safety Aids

changeable situations

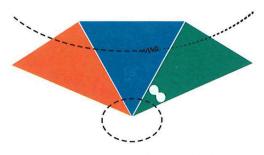
available strengths

needed supports

medical doctor safety contact

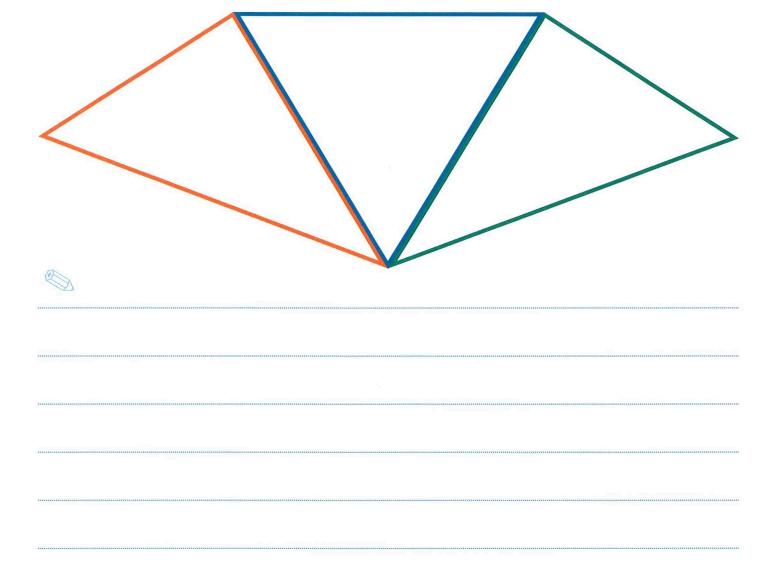
### **Confirm actions**

- · Decide when things are going to be done.
- Identify the most important part of the plan and the first steps needed to achieve it.
- · Avoid complex plans.
- · Always include a safety contact.
- · Practice parts involving others.

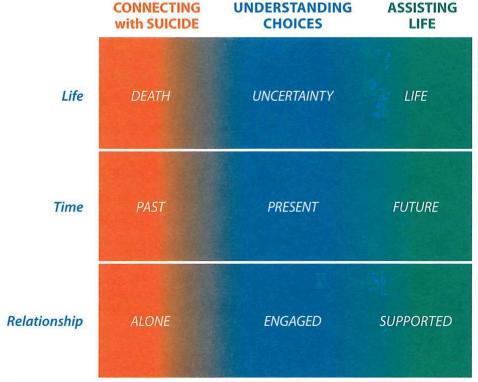


The SafePlan is active until the last thing in it is done.

## Pathway for Assisting Life (PAL)



### Themes during an intervention



The transition from death to life usually requires that the person at risk feels that their story about suicide has been heard. This feeling of being understood frees their life side to begin to speak.

The transition from the past to the future usually requires that the person at risk comes into the present and talks about the past. For some, "letting go of the past" is a very important step.

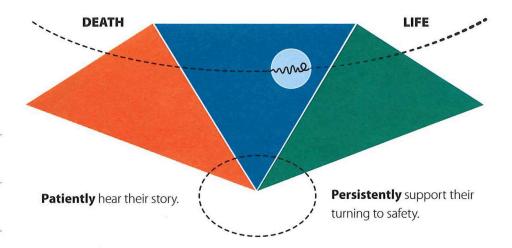
The transition from being alone to being supported usually requires that the person at risk engages with the caregiver. For some, coming to trust another person is a very important step.



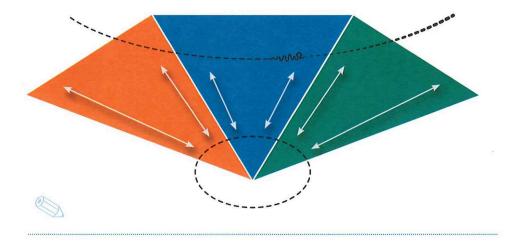
### Turning Point ~~~

An emotionally charged moment when the life side of the person at risk first starts to speak. Emerges from a feeling that their story of suicide has been heard. Signals that safety-for-now might be possible.





#### In-sync

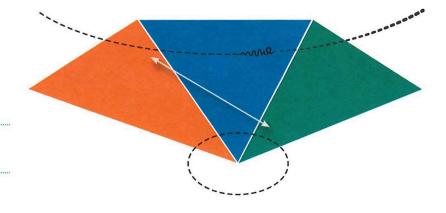


Arrows show the person at risk and the caregiver moving perfectly in-sync through an intervention. For example, when the person at risk is ready to be asked about thoughts of suicide, the caregiver asks. Although such perfection is impossible to achieve in reality, this illustration helps you to tell when you are moving too fast or too slow. Notice the difference between this and what is illustrated below.

#### **Out of sync: Too fast**

Like the career counsellor in *Cause of Death?*: Nick acknowledged suicide thoughts; caregiver moved to develop a SafePlan.



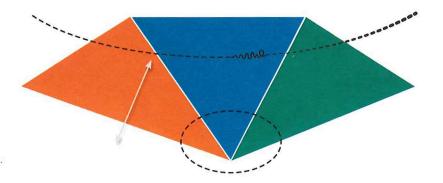


#### Out of sync: Too slow

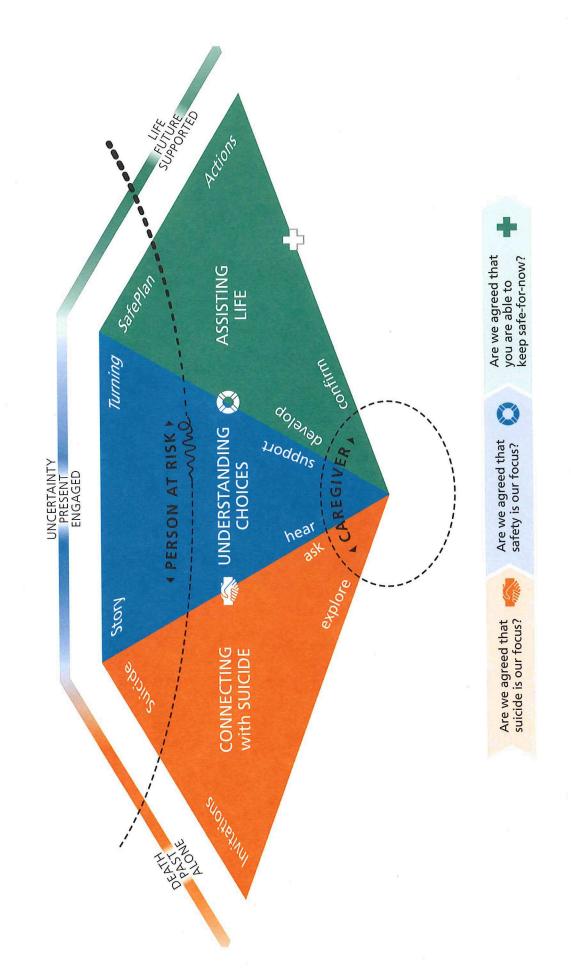
Like the doctor in Cause of Death?:

Christina was ready to have the issue of suicide identified; caregiver did not ask because a suicide first-aid model was not being used.





# Pathway for Assisting Life (PAL)



## Turning Points Christina *might* have had and ways to support them

Turning points	~~~Q	Support
"I just realized I don't want to kill myself."	REJECTS SUICIDE	"Something is telling you to start thinking about safety (?)"
"It builds up and up but then I am not sure."	UNCERTAIN about CHOICES	"You need to be sure so we had better keep you safe-for-now (?)"
"But I haven't got around to that either."	UNCERTAIN about CHOICES	"So maybe you are not sure about something you need to be sure about (?)"
"Suicide is the only answer, but"	HOPES for SOMETHING or UNCERTAIN about CHOICES	"There could be some hope or at least something that is making you uncertain (?)"
"What else can I do?"	HOPES for SOMETHING	"You wish there was something else you could do (?)"
"All I want to do right now is die."	UNCERTAIN about CHOICES	"But sometimes you want to live (?)"

Notes about other simulations

Notes about other simulations

### **Workgroup Practice Guidelines**

- No fault: try using PAL or just see how PAL fits what you did.
- · Learn by watching, learn by doing.
- *Time-out* is available, where others in group provide help.
- · Feel free to use your Quick Reference tool.
- Each will get a chance to play one role or the other; maybe more.
- After completion, roleplayers get first chance to debrief.

Choose a role that is about suicide, not too personal or too difficult.

## What I learned from practice...

,		

## Things a person at risk might want to know about

#### from a professional caregiver:

confidentiality rules, number of sessions, after hours contact, ending sessions, costs...

#### from a personal caregiver:

value of setting limits or boundaries, importance of honest communication, periodic review, use of other helping resources...

#### from a helper connecting you to caregiver:

acceptance that one cannot be all things to all people at all times, and that there are other caregivers who can help...

### My suicide-safer community

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## My self care





You have joined well over one million caregivers who have completed *Applied Suicide Intervention Skills Training (ASIST)*. ASIST prepares caregivers of all backgrounds to provide suicide first aid to persons at risk of suicide. Intervention attitudes, knowledge, skills and supports are presented in two days of practical training, conducted in both small and large groups.

ASIST is the most widely used suicide intervention training program in the world. The workshop is only presented by registered LivingWorks trainers. They must complete a five-day *Training for Training for Trainin* 

LivingWorks is a community service company which develops, delivers and distributes programs for the prevention of suicide. Our goal is to help create suicide-safer communities. ASIST is coordinated around the world through partnerships and affiliations. For more information about LivingWorks, ASIST, or for general information about the study and prevention of suicide, please contact:

